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remove a specific string from every item in that vector. How can I do that? I already have code that removes all newlines. I also have the ability to remove all newlines without the need for an if statement. For example, `vector::iterator b = v.begin(); b = v.erase(v.end());`; I'm not sure what to do with an if statement. I was thinking something like the following, but I'm not sure. `for(vector::iterator i = v.begin(); i != v.end(); ++i) { if(*i == "\r") v.erase(v.begin()); }` A: The standard way to remove a character from a vector is to use `std::remove`: `std::vector v; v.push_back("abc"); v.push_back("def"); std::string s; s.erase(std::remove(s.begin(), s.end(), '\r'), s.end()); assert(s == "abcd");` The erase method is useful when you want to delete a specific element from the vector. If you know the index of the element you're deleting, you can use that instead: `std::vector v; v.push_back("abc"); v.push_back("def"); v.erase(v.begin() + 1); // remove the second element assert(v.size() == 2);` In the second case, note that this removes the elements in the range `[begin + 1, begin]`. A: Use `std::find` and `std::remove`. `std::vector v; v.push_back("abc"); v.push_back("def"); int index = v.begin(); // find the position`